English first-term practice · Grade 3

Original student practice

https://playclass.su/blog/english-grade-3-first-term-test/

Complete one variant. Read its passage for the final four questions. The answers follow both variants.

Variant A

Ruby has a small room. There are two chairs near her desk. Her brother has a kite. On Sunday they play in the park. Ruby can ride a bike, but her brother cannot.

1. Ruby ___ a red bike.
are / have got / has got

2. They ___ two chairs.
has got / have got / is

3. There ___ a desk in the room.
are / am / is

4. There ___ two chairs.
are / is / has

5. ___ you ride a bike?
Has / Can / Is

6. He cannot ___.
swims / swim / swimming

7. The kite belongs to Ruby’s brother. It is ___ kite.
their / her / his

8. one chair, two ___
a chair / chair / chairs

9. Read. How many chairs are in Ruby’s room?
Two / One / Three

10. Read. Who has a kite?
Ruby / Ruby’s teacher / Ruby’s brother

11. Read. When do they play in the park?
On Friday / On Sunday / On Monday

12. Read. Can Ruby ride a bike?
The text does not say. / Yes, she can. / No, she cannot.

Variant B

Omar has a big garden. There are three trees behind his house. His sister has a ball. On Saturday they play outside. Omar cannot skate, but his sister can.

1. Omar's sister ___ a ball.

has got / are / have got

2. We ___ a garden.

is / has got / have got

3. There ___ three trees.

am / are / is

4. There ___ a house near the garden.

is / are / have

5. ___ Omar skate?

Are / Has / Can

6. She can ___ very well.

skating / skates / skate

7. The ball belongs to the sister. It is ___ ball.

our / her / his

8. one tree, three ___

trees / a tree / tree

9. Read. Where are the trees?

Under the house / Behind the house / In the house

10. Read. Who has a ball?

Their neighbour / Omar's sister / Omar

11. Read. When do they play outside?

On Saturday / On Tuesday / On Sunday

12. Read. Who can skate?

Omar's sister / Both children / Omar

Ответы и комментарии преподавателю

Варианты проверяют темы четверти. По их результату можно выбрать следующее задание для повторения.

Variant A

1. has got. One person takes has got when describing possession.

2. have got. They is plural, so use have got.

3. is. One desk takes there is; two chairs would take there are.

4. are. The noun chairs is plural, so are fits the sentence.

5. Can. Can asks about ability and is followed by the base verb ride.

6. swim. After cannot use the base form without -s or -ing.

7. his. Brother is the male owner, so his identifies his possession.

8. chairs. The regular plural adds -s when the number is two.

9. Two. The second sentence says there are two chairs.

10. Ruby’s brother. The kite is explicitly assigned to her brother.

11. On Sunday. Sunday is the day given in the short text.

12. Yes, she can. The final sentence contrasts Ruby’s ability with her brother’s.

Variant B

1. has got. His sister is one person, so has got is required.

2. have got. We takes have got; has got belongs with he, she or it.

3. are. Three trees is plural, so the sentence needs are.

4. is. The phrase a house names one building and takes is.

5. Can. The question concerns ability and needs the modal can.

6. skate. Can is followed by a base verb even with she.

7. her. Her refers to the female owner named in the first clause.

8. trees. Trees is the regular plural after the number three.

9. Behind the house. Behind locates them in relation to the house.

10. Omar’s sister. The third sentence gives the sister’s possession.

11. On Saturday. The day in this variant is Saturday, not Sunday.

12. Omar’s sister. Cannot applies to Omar; can applies to his sister.

Разбор этой работы и следующий шаг

Для has got найдите владельца: Ruby или Omar’s sister - один человек; they и we требуют have got. В заданиях there is/are считать нужно предметы после пропуска. Две chairs и три trees требуют множественного числа независимо от числа героев в рассказе.

В вопросах на чтение трудность может быть в противопоставлении can и cannot. В варианте В катается на коньках сестра, а не Омар. Попросите подчеркнуть отрицание и сравнить две реплики. Для his/her найдите названного владельца, затем отдельно посмотрите, какую вещь он или она имеет.

В Family Album отработайте вопрос о родственнике, а в Sports Club - выбор по can/cannot. Перед кликом ученик должен назвать признак, который подходит персонажу.

Если трудность связана с there are, поставьте на стол два предмета и попросите описать их. Затем замените количество на один и предложите новую фразу. Для домашнего повторения достаточно рисунка комнаты с двумя законченными предложениями.

Следующий самостоятельный пример: _____